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Understanding vocabulary

Understanding the task Comprehension of texts

Key Learning Challenges:

High Hazels Academy Supporting SEND learners across the Curriculum

Focus area: Writing

Curriculum considerations for children across all areas of SEN in Writing

- Pedagogy and content adapted to meet the child's needs.
- For those working more than 2 years behind adapted sequencing/basic skills focus time delivered to fill gaps.

Additional enhancements

-Fine motor skills programmes-Write from the Start/Start Write -Additional individual feedback and support editing.

Communication and Interaction

- Breaking down instructions in to small chunks,
- Providing visual reminders of instructions.
- Pre teaching new vocabulary prior to lessons.
- Sending home key vocabulary on word mats prior to a unit of work.
- Pre reading of texts.
- Use children's interests to work on the key focus.
- High quality texts, but shorter extracts/ language supported by visuals.
- Alternative methods of recording answers scribing/recording
- Shape Coding

Key Learning Challenges: Likely to have gaps due to missed learning. Difficulties around concentration/task completion. Lack of stamina in writing Uninterested

Social, emotional and mental health

- Using task planner/task chunking.
- Time framing and use of timers.
- Additional phonics or 1:1 teaching to fill gaps where learners
- Check ins
- Checking understanding/ small group/individual modelling

Being able to read the text/ Learning Challenges Being able to hear the teaching/instructoons questions/board. Kev

Understanding vocabulary Transferring their ideas to paper

Spelling

Key Learning Challenges:

Learning and Cognition

- Pre reading of any texts used
- Coloured paper/ dyslexia friendly texts
- Shape Coding

goal

end

about the

Not thinking

Creating and holding a sentence. Working memory

- Spelling tables to help with HFW/ Common exception
- Vocabulary mats
- Removal of barriers to writing such as matching activity, missing words ,scribes, talking tins
- Differentiation by outcome
- Use of pencil grips
- Magnetic letters/phoneme frames
- Writing mats/writing prompts
- Laptops for longer pieces of writing.
- Alternative ways of recording idea e.g. Clicker.

Physical and Sensory

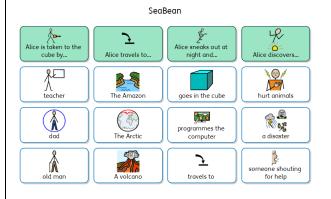
- Enlarged texts
- Use of coloured paper/overlays
- Seated near the front of class.
- Use or radio aids by teacher/pupil (as advised by HI service).
- Alternations to texts (as advised by vision service).
- Texts on the Ipad/Chromebook
- Pre reading of texts and vocabulary.
- Angled writing boards and equipment such as pencil grips
- Finger gym/fine motor skill activities

EYFS Example	KS1 Example	KS2 Example
Use of oral retelling to support children to over	Adapted text/WAGOLL, where needed, using	Adapted text/WAGOLL, where needed, using
learn a story.	communicate and print or written around the	communicate and print or written around the
	child's fluency development targets.	child's fluency development targets.
Story mats-Pie Corbet.		
	Use of oral retelling to support children to over	Use of immersive reader.
Vocabulary mats or word wizard for teaching	learn a story.	
vocabulary.	Story mate Die Carbet	Use of oral rehearsal/practice of writing.
Collaborative learning to develop communication	Story mats-Pie Corbet.	Vocabulary mats or word wizard for teaching
of ideas.	Vocabulary mats or word wizard for teaching	vocabulary.
or facas.	vocabulary.	vocabulary.
Scaffolds using communicate and print to support	vocasalary.	Collaborative learning to develop communication
	Collaborative learning to develop communication	of ideas.
	of ideas.	
Motor skills targeted provision.		Scaffolds using communicate and print to support
	Scaffolds using communicate and print to support	sequencing/planning of writing.
Writing frames to support with structuring	sequencing/planning of writing.	
sentences.		Large, lined books for handwriting support.
Dura struction a sticks	Large, lined books for handwriting support.	
Punctuation actions	Writing frames to support with structuring	Writing frames to support with structuring
Shape coding	Writing frames to support with structuring sentences.	sentences.
Shape county	sentences.	Use of technology to record oral responses – such
	Kagan structures used to support oracy	as saying a sentence into an IPAD
	Use of technology to record oral responses – such	Use of Pie Corbett or words with actions to
	as saying a sentence into an IPAD	support learning
	Use of Pie Corbett or words with actions to	Punctuation actions – to support learning
	support learning	
	Punctuation actions – to support learning	
	i unitiation actions to support roaming	

What does this look like in practice? (pictorial examples)

Planning adaptions-KS2

Planning scaffold



setting 1 horse and market stall carriage workhouse a de la companya de l ----cobbles dark dirty $\mathcal{A}^{(M)}$ Same terraced grimy orphan houses Ŷ М cobbled street lamp washing street

Vocabulary mat

Prompts for structuring paragraphs

Using your plan, write your 2 paragraphs explaining the following.

habitat

territory

Paragraph 1 Where are they from?

> 10 Scole

0

celearful

0

Where do they live? What do they look like?





Shape Coding



Sentence sentences. L.O. To say a sentence before writing it Write sentences describing the dragons. The dragons have _____ The dragons have _____. The dragons are _____. The dragons are _____. The dragons are _____.



Story maps

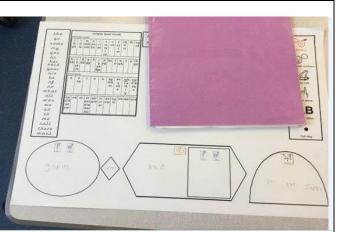
KS1/EYFS





Use of magnetic letters and phoneme frames

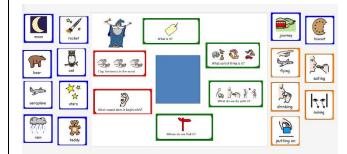




Shape Coding

Fine motor skills activities

Use of games



Word Aware = pre teaching strategies

Story maps



Mark making in the environment